

# Decommutation and Processing of Particle Measurements

- On board collection and processing (particles only)
  - Collection of counts, count rate
  - Sectoring, Angle maps, Square-root compression
  - Burst strategy and compression by averaging in energy/angle
  - Compression by moment and pitch angle spectra computation
  - Corrections (scpot) and pitfalls (cold ions, sun/moon/neutrals)
- Transmission (all products)
  - Packets, headers, time series compression, lossy compression
  - Encoding (CCSDS, Viterbi, convolutional)
  - Ground decommutation and processing
- Ground processing (particles only)
  - Loading and viewing on-board data
  - Higher level products and visualization
  - Corrections and pitfalls
- Examples
  - Potential subtraction, Cold plasma detection, Magnetopause sounding

<http://www.igpp.ucla.edu/public/vassilis/ESS265/20080428>

# Further reading

(in class web site unless otherwise specified)

- Curtis et al., On board analysis techniques for space plasma particle instruments, Rev. Sci. Instrum., 60, 372, 1989.
- Abiad, R., The ESA and SST (ETC) board requirements specification, 2005. thm\_sys\_105a\_etc\_req.1.7.pdf
- Carlson, C. W., The square-root compression algorithm, 1993. FAST\_ESA\_SQRT\_compression.doc
- Fast-Floating Point:
  - Description: thm\_fsw\_221\_Floating\_Point.doc (by Harvey, P. R.)
  - Converter: thm\_fsw\_221\_ffp.xls (by Harvey, P. R.)
- Huffman, Differencing in:
  - thm\_fsw\_900\_Compression\_Options.doc;
  - thm\_fsw\_901A\_Compression\_Huffman.doc
- THEMIS analysis software
  - User's Guide:  
[ftp://apollo.ssl.berkeley.edu/pub/THEMIS/3%20Ground%20Systems/3.2%20Science%20Operations/Science%20Operations%20Documents/Software%20Users%20Guides/THEMIS\\_Science\\_Data\\_Analysis\\_Software\\_Users\\_Guide.pdf](ftp://apollo.ssl.berkeley.edu/pub/THEMIS/3%20Ground%20Systems/3.2%20Science%20Operations/Science%20Operations%20Documents/Software%20Users%20Guides/THEMIS_Science_Data_Analysis_Software_Users_Guide.pdf)
  - GEM'07 Tutorial:  
[ftp://apollo.ssl.berkeley.edu/pub/THEMIS/3%20Ground%20Systems/3.2%20Science%20Operations/Science%20Operations%20Documents/Science%20Software%20Data%20Analysis%20Software%20Presentation%20-%20GEM%20Dec%202007/Themis\\_Science\\_Software\\_Demo\\_Software\\_GEM\\_Dec\\_2007\\_Rev%20A.ppt](ftp://apollo.ssl.berkeley.edu/pub/THEMIS/3%20Ground%20Systems/3.2%20Science%20Operations/Science%20Operations%20Documents/Science%20Software%20Data%20Analysis%20Software%20Presentation%20-%20GEM%20Dec%202007/Themis_Science_Software_Demo_Software_GEM_Dec_2007_Rev%20A.ppt)

# On board collection/processing

- Collection of counts, count rates
- Sectoring, Angle maps, Square-root compression
  - See modes, energy, sector maps in:
    - class\_materials/energy\_angle\_maps/etcmap\_\*.xls
- Burst strategy and compression by averaging in energy/angle
- Compression by moment and pitch angle spectra computation
  - See: Curtis et al. Rev. Sci. Instr. And
  - Abiad, technical memo: thm\_sys\_105a\_etc\_req1.7.pdf
- Corrections (scpot) and pitfalls (cold ions, sun/moon/neutrals)

# Transmission

- Packets, headers, time series compression, lossy compression
- Encoding (CCSDS, Viterbi, convolutional)
- On-board data: Ground decommutation and processing
  - Moments
    - L0 (.pkt) and L1 (.cdf) contain same (raw) data in DSL coordinates
    - L2 (.cdf) contain calibrated data in other coordinates (GSE, GSM)
  - Particle distributions
    - L0 packet files
      - Raw, sqrt-compressed counts (efficient for loading)
      - Files organized by APID, but transparent to user
    - L1 CDF files
      - Raw, uncompressed counts
      - All quantities in one file
    - L2 CDF files
      - Omni-directional spectra (will eventually contain DF's)
      - Derived, ground-processed moments in useful coordinates

# Ground processing (particles only)

- Loading and viewing on-board processed data
  - There is a single routine for loading on-board moments
    - thm\_load\_mom, level=1 (loads L1 or L2 data)
      - Products introduced (in either case)
        - » 1 thb\_p[e,s,t][i,e]m\_density x 6
        - » 2 thb\_peim\_flux (particle flux in  $\#/cm^2/s$ )
        - » 3 thb\_peim\_mftens (momentum flux in  $eV/cm^3$ )
        - » 4 thb\_peim\_eflux (particle flux in  $\#/cm^2/s$ )
        - » 5 thb\_peim\_velocity (km/s)
        - » 6 thb\_peim\_ptens ( $eV/cm^3$ )
        - » 7 thb\_peim\_ptot (trace of pressure tensor)
        - » ...
        - » 43 thb\_pxxm\_pot (probe potential subtracted, in Volts)
        - » 44 thb\_pxxm\_qf
        - » 45 thb\_pxxm\_shft
      - Note: [e,s,t] correspond to ESA, SST, Total; [i,e] to ions, electrons
      - E.g., thb\_ptim\_velocity is the total velocity from the ESA and SST combined
  - There are two routines for introducing ESA distributions
    - thm\_load\_esa\_pkt (loads L0 data)
    - thm\_load\_esa, level=... (loads L1 and L2 data, will become prime in future)
  - There is a single routine for introducing SST distributions
    - thm\_load\_sst (loads SST L1 data)

# Ground processing (particles only)

- Loading and viewing on-board processed data
  - There is a single routine for loading on-board moments
    - `thm_load_mom, level=1` (loads L1 or L2 data)
  - There are two routines for introducing ESA distributions
    - `thm_load_esa_pkt` (loads all L0 data, introduces spectra)
      - Products introduced (12 total): omnidirectional spectra
        - » 46 `thb_pe[i,e][r,f,b]_en_counts` x 6 (spectra)
        - » 47 `thb_pe [i,e][r,f,b]_mode` x 6 (energy/angle modes)
      - Note: [i,e] is ions, electrons; [r,f,b] is reduced, full, burst mode
    - `thm_load_esa, level=...` (now loads L2 spectra, in the future L1 data as well)
  - There is a single routine for introducing SST distributions
    - `thm_load_sst` (loads SST L1 data)
  - Generic routines

- To “get” any distribution function type:

```
» dat=thm_part_dist('thb_peif',gettime(/c))
» ;or: ctime,t & dat=thm_part_dist('thb_peif',t)
» ;or: ctime,t & dat=get_tha_peif(t)
» wset,1 & spec3d,dat
» wset,2 & plot3d,dat,units='counts' ; convert units
» ; other types: eflux,flux,df,rate
```

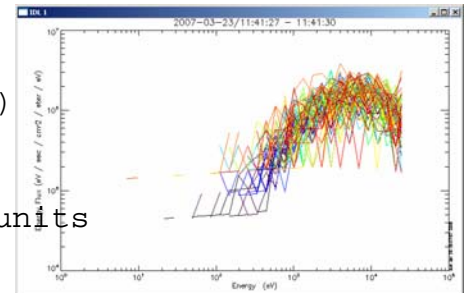
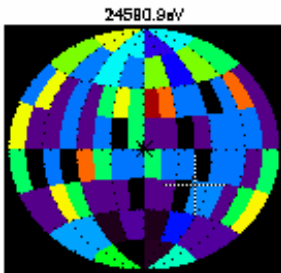
- To obtain moments type (e.g. n, v, t):

```
» thm_part_spec_calc,probe='b',moments=['density','flux'],instrument=['peif','psif']
```

- Unit Conversions:

- To copy/convert to/from units (eflux,flux,df,counts,rate), use function `conv_units`:

```
» dat_new=conv_units(dat,'df')
```



# Ground processing (particles only)

- Loading and viewing on-board processed data
  - There is a single routine for loading on-board moments: thm\_load\_mom, level=1
  - There is a main routine for introducing ESA distributions: thm\_load\_esa\_pkt
  - There is a single routine for introducing SST distributions: thm\_load\_sst
  - Generic routines
    - To “view” distribution function contents type:
      - » dat=thm\_part\_dist('thb\_peif',gettime(/c))
      - » help, dat, /str
      - » print, dat.energy, dat.theta, dat.phi ; to view energy/angle bin centers

\*\* Structure <13c28790>, 35 tags, length=140952, .....

```

PROJECT_NAME  STRING  'THEMIS'
SPACECRAFT    STRING  'b'
DATA_NAME     STRING  'IESA 3D Full'
APID          INT      454
UNITS_NAME    STRING  'counts'
UNITS_PROCEDURE STRING 'thm_convert_esa_units'
VALID         BYTE     1
TIME          DOUBLE   1.1746494e+009 ; seconds since 1970
DELTA_T       DOUBLE   3.0899630
INTEG_T       DOUBLE   0.0030175420
DT_ARR        FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
CONFIG1       BYTE     2
CONFIG2       BYTE     1
AN_IND        INT      1
EN_IND        INT      1
MODE          INT      2
NENERGY       INT      32
  
```

```

ENERGY        FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
DENERGY       FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
EFF           DOUBLE   Array[32, 88]
BINS          INT      Array[32, 88]
NBINS         INT      88
THETA         FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
DTHETA        FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
PHI           FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
DPHI          FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
DOMEGA        FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
GF            FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
GEOM_FACTOR   FLOAT    0.00153000
DEAD          FLOAT    1.70000e-007
MASS          FLOAT    0.0104389
CHARGE        FLOAT    1.00000
SC_POT        FLOAT    0.000000
MAGF          FLOAT    Array[3]
DATA          FLOAT    Array[32, 88]
  
```

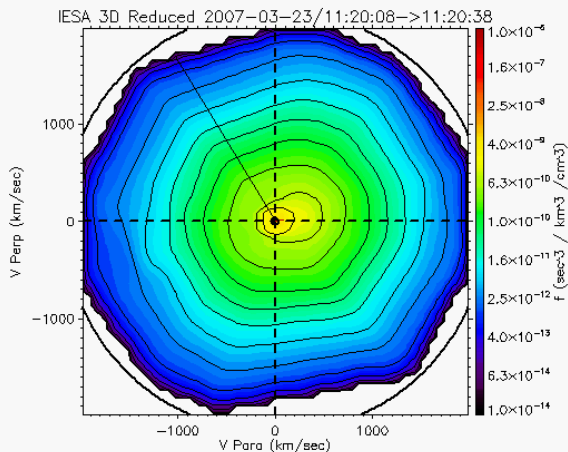
# Ground processing (particles only)

- Loading and viewing on-board processed data
  - ....
  - Generic routines
    - To introduce s/c potential and magnetic field type:
      - » `ctime,t & dat=thm_part_dist('thb_peif',t)`
      - » `get_data,'thb_pxxm_pot',data=thb_pxxm_pot_str`
      - » `it=where((thb_pxxm_pot_str.x gt t(0)-3.) and (thb_pxxm_pot_str.x lt t(0)+3.))`
      - » `dat.sc_pot=median(thb_pxxm_pot_str.y(it))`
      - » `get_data,'thb_fgs_dsl',data=thb_fgs_dsl_str`
      - » `jt=where((thb_fgs_dsl_str.x gt t(0)-1.5) and (thb_fgs_dsl_str.x lt t(0)+1.5))`
      - » `dat.magf(*)=thb_fgs_dsl_str.y(jt,*)`
    - If `sc_pot` not available, use a guess (e.g., `sc_pot=15V`)
      - » `dat.sc_pot=-10. ; Volts`
    - Compute the density, temperature for that instant
      - » `print,'ion density 1/cc = ',n_3d(dat)`
      - » `print,'ion temperature eV = ',t_3d(dat)`
    - Another way is to use generic tool to introduce `scpot` and `mag`:
      - » `thm_part_spec_calc,probe='b',scpot_suffix='_pxxm_pot',mag_suffix='_fgs_dsl',`
      - » `moments=['density','velocity','t3','magt3'],instrument=['peif','psif']`

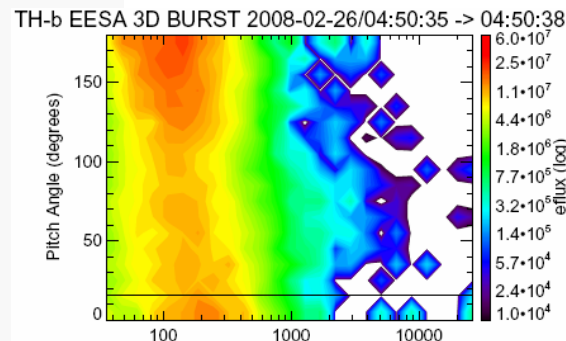


# Ground processing (particles only)

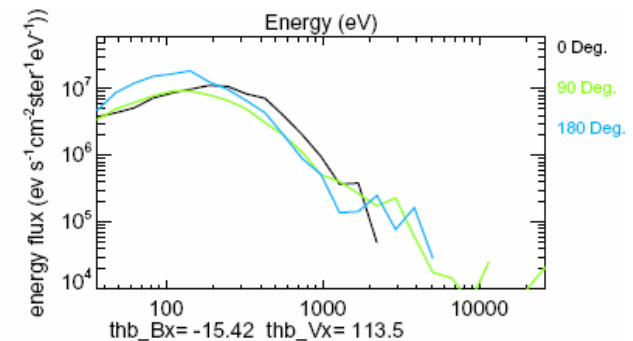
- Loading and viewing on-board processed data
  - Viewing Cuts
    - Use (crib themis\_cut\_crib provided in class material: idl/dfcuts):  
`slice2d_themis_longer_esa,sc,typ,current_time,timeinterval,thebdata='th'+sc+'_fgs_dsl',species=species,range=range,rotation=rotation,angle=angle,filetype=filetype,outputfile=outputfile;,nosmooth=1`
    - Note, rotations:
      - ; 'BV': x = V\_para and the bulk velocity in the x-y plane. (DEFAULT)
      - ; 'BE': x = V\_para and the VxB in the x-y plane.
      - ; 'xy': x = V\_x and y = V\_y.
      - ; 'xz': x = V\_x and y = V\_z.
      - ; 'yz': x = V\_y and y = V\_z.
      - ; 'perp': x-y plane is perp. to B, x is velocity projection on plane.
      - ; 'perp\_xy': x-y plane is perp. to B, x is x-axis projection on plane.
      - ; 'perp\_xz': x-z plane is perp. to B, y is z-axis projection on plane.
      - ; 'perp\_yz': x-y plane is perp. to B, x is y-axis projection on plane.
    - Other options (PA vs E)



ESS 265



Particle Decom Proc9

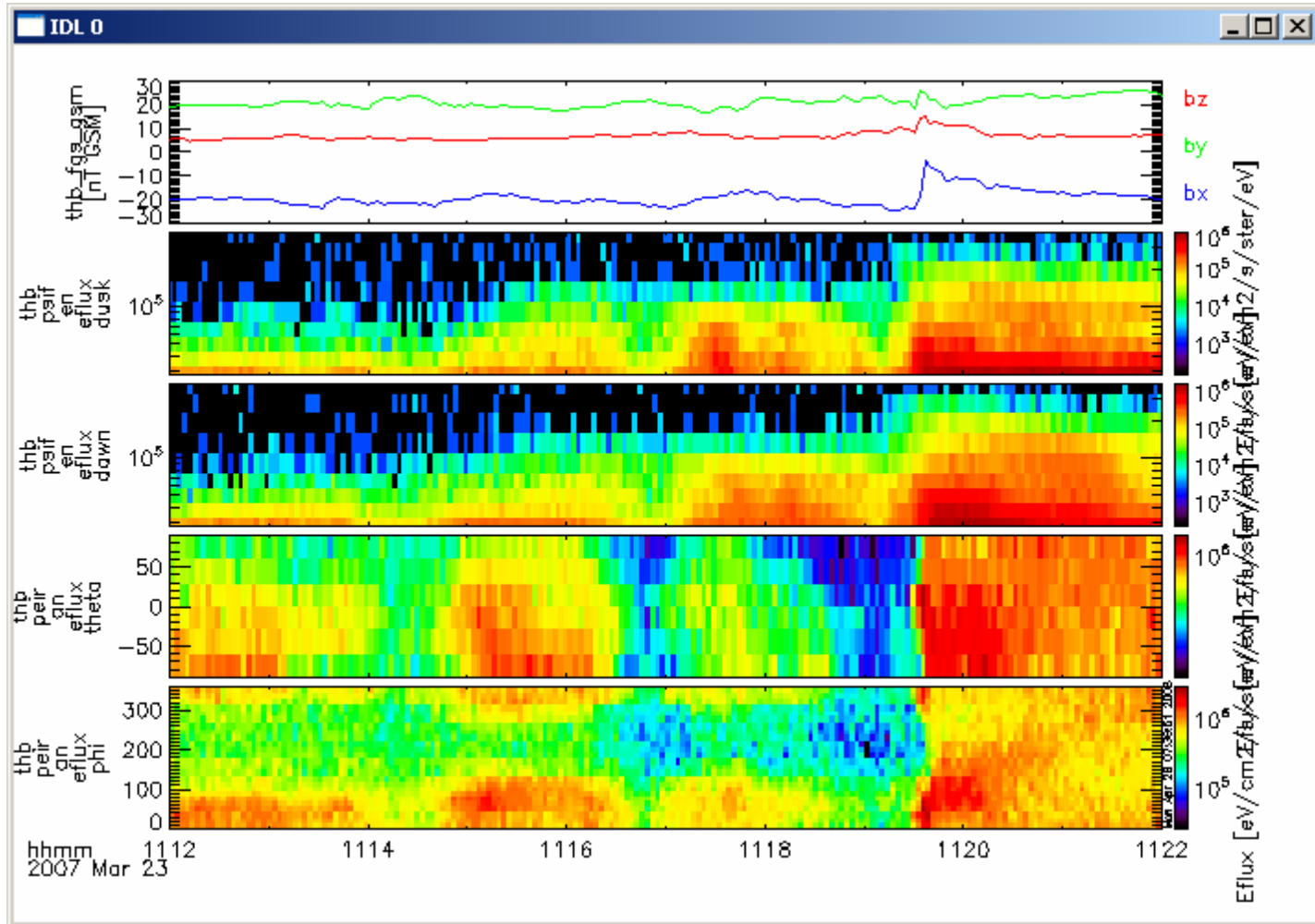


# Ground processing (particles only)

- Higher level products and visualization
  - Particle spectrograms in various coordinates
    - DSL coordinates
      - Energy, theta/phi angle spectrograms
      - ;DSL coordinates
      - ; energy spectrogram
      - thm\_part\_getspec, probe=['b'], trange=['07-03-23/11:10','07-03-23/11:30'], \$
      - data\_type=['psif'],/energy, \$
      - phi=[-135,-45], theta=[-45,45], erange=[25000,500000],suff='\_dusk'
      - thm\_part\_getspec, probe=['b'], trange=['07-03-23/11:10','07-03-23/11:30'], \$
      - data\_type=['psif'],/energy, \$
      - phi=[45,135], theta=[-45,45], erange=[25000,500000],suff='\_dawn'
      - ; phi spectrogram
      - thm\_part\_getspec, probe=['b'], trange=['07-03-23/11:10','07-03-23/11:30'], \$
      - data\_type=['peir'],angle='phi', \$
      - phi=[0,360], theta=[-90,90], erange=[1.5e4,2.5e4]
      - ; theta spectrogram
      - thm\_part\_getspec, probe=['b'], trange=['07-03-23/11:10','07-03-23/11:30'], \$
      - data\_type=['peir'],angle='theta', \$
      - phi=[0,360], theta=[-90,90], erange=[1.5e4,2.5e4]
      - tplot,'thb\_fgs\_gsm thb\_psif\_en\_eflux\_dusk thb\_peir\_an\_eflux\_\*
      - tlimit,['07-03-23/11:12','07-03-23/11:22']

# Ground processing (particles only)

- DSL coordinates
  - Energy, theta/phi angle spectrograms
  - ;DSL coordinates (results)

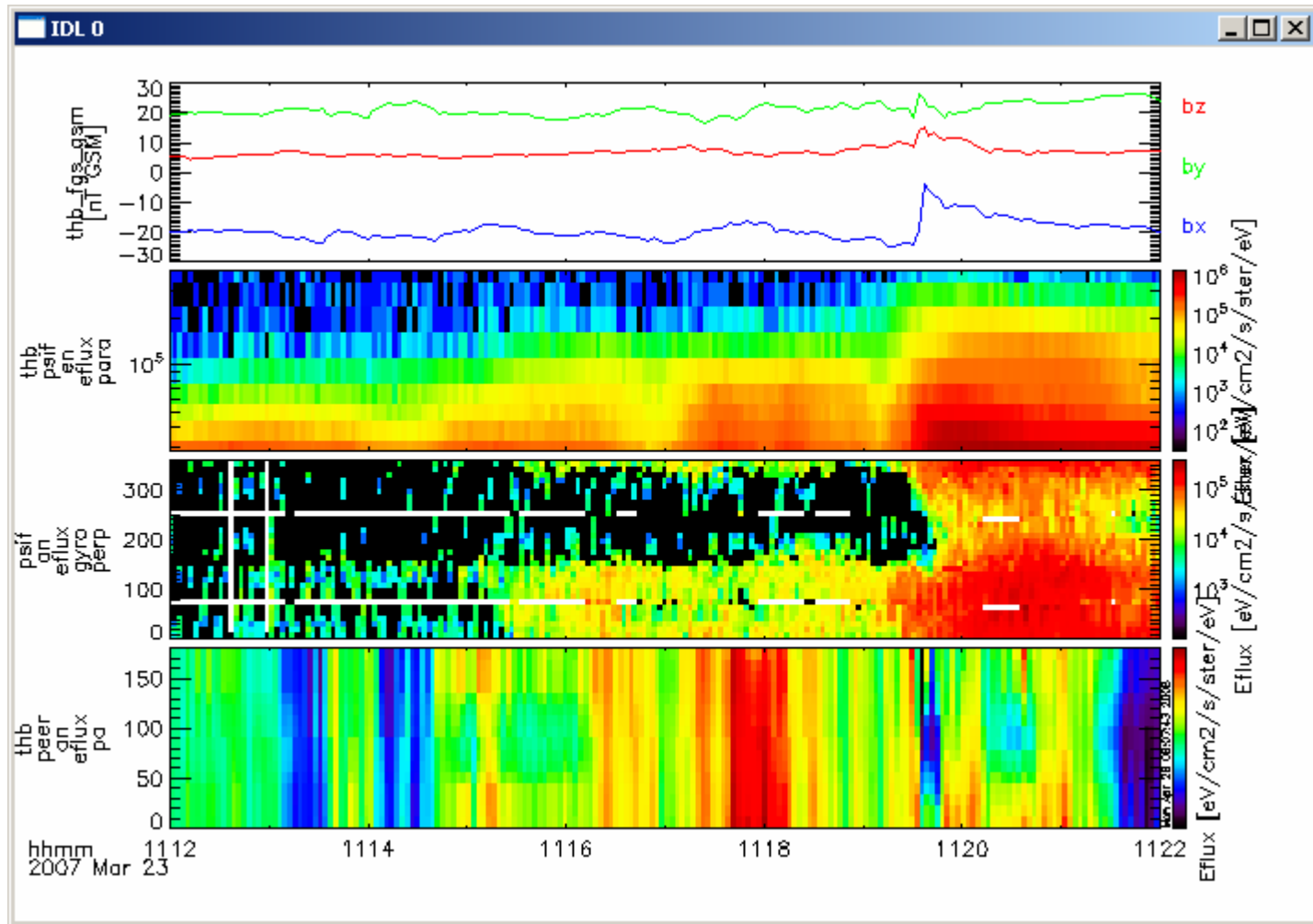


# Ground processing (particles only)

- Higher level products and visualization
  - Particle spectrograms in various coordinates
    - FAC coordinates (field aligned)
      - Energy, pitch angle (pa) / gyro(velocity)phase angle spectrograms
      - ; Energy spectrogram
      - thm\_part\_getspec, probe=['b'], trange=['07-03-23/11:10','07-03-23/11:30'],\$
      - data\_type=['psif'], /energy, \$
      - pitch=[0,45], suff='\_para', \$
      - erange=[25000,500000],regrid=[32,16]
      - ; Gyro(velocity)phase spectrogram
      - thm\_part\_getspec, probe=['b'], trange=['07-03-23/11:10','07-03-23/11:30'],\$
      - data\_type=['psif'], angle='gyro', \$
      - pitch=[45,135], other\_dim='ygsm', suff='\_perp', \$
      - erange=[100000,150000],regrid=[32,16]
      - ; Pitch angle spectrogram
      - thm\_part\_getspec, probe=['b'], trange=['07-03-23/11:10','07-03-23/11:30'],\$
      - data\_type=['peer'], angle='pa', \$
      - erange=[15000,25000],regrid=[32,16]
      - tplot,'thb\_fgs\_gsm thb\_psif\_en\_eflux\_para thb\_psif\_an\_eflux\_gyro\_perp  
thb\_peer\_an\_eflux\_pa'
      - tlimit,['07-03-23/11:12','07-03-23/11:22']

# Ground processing (particles only)

- FAC coordinates (field aligned)
  - Energy, pitch angle (pa) / gyro(velocity)phase angle spectrograms (results)



# Ground processing (particles only)

- Higher level products and visualization
  - Particle spectrograms in various coordinates
    - FAC coordinates (field aligned) (Look in: `thm_fac_matrix_make`)
      - `other_dimension`:
        - » ; 'Xgse', (DEFAULT) translates from gse or gsm into FAC
        - » ; Definition(works on GSE, or GSM): X Axis = on plane defined by Xgse - Z
        - » ; Second coordinate definition:  $Y = Z \times X_{gse}$
        - » ; Third coordinate, X completes orthogonal RHS
        - » ; 'Rgeo', translate from geo into FAC using radial position vector
        - » ; Rgeo is radial position vector, positive radially outwards.
        - » ; Second coordinate definition:  $Y = Z \times Rgeo$  (westward)
        - » ; Third coordinate, X completes orthogonal RHS XYZ.
        - » ; 'mRgeo', opposite to above
        - » ; mRgeo is radial position vector, positive radially inwards.
        - » ; 'Phigeo', translate into FAC using azimuthal position vector
        - » ; Phigeo is the azimuthal geo position vector, positive Eastward
        - » ; First coordinate definition:  $X = Phigeo \times Z$  (positive outwards)
        - » ; Second coordinate,  $Y \sim Phigeo$  (eastward) completes orthogonal RHS XYZ
        - » ; 'mPhigeo', opposite to above
        - » ; Second coordinate,  $Y \sim mPhigeo$  (Westward) completes orthogonal RHS XYZ
        - » ; 'Phism', translate into FAC using azimuthal Solar Magnetospheric vector.
        - » ; Phism is "phi" vector of satellite position in SM coordinates.
        - » ; Y Axis = on plane defined by Phism-Z, normal to Z
        - » ; Second coordinate definition:  $X = Phism \times Z$ ; Third completes orthogonal RHS;
        - » ; 'mPhism', opposite to above
        - » ; mPhism is minus "phi" vector of satellite position in SM coordinates.
        - » ; 'Ygsm', translate into FAC using cartesian Ygsm position as other dimension.
        - » ; Y Axis on plane defined by Ygsm and Z
        - » ; First coordinate definition:  $X = Ygsm \times Z$
        - » ; Third completes orthogonal RHS XYZ

# Ground processing (particles only)

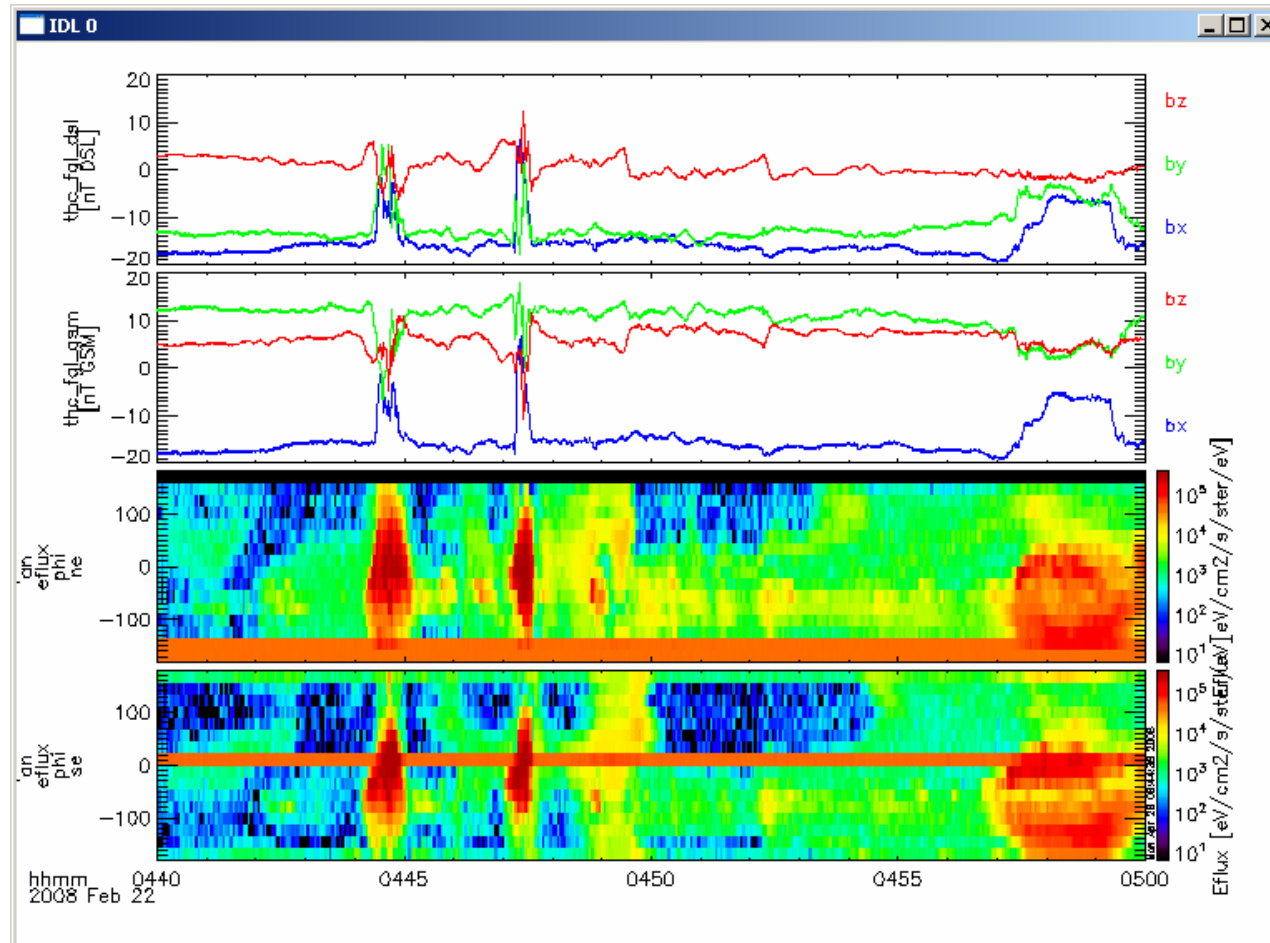
- Pitfalls

- Sun contamination

- » ; Sun contamination
    - » ;
    - » trange=['08-02-22/04:40','08-02-22/05:00']
    - » timespan,'08-02-22/04:00',1,/hours
    - » sc='c'
    - » thm\_load\_fgm,probe=sc,data='fgl',coord='dsl gsm'
    - » thm\_part\_getspec, probe=sc,trange=trange, \$
    - »       theta=[0,45], phi=[0,360], start\_angle=-180., \$
    - »       erange=[25000,40000], data\_type=['psif'], \$
    - »       suffix='\_ne',angle=phi
    - » thm\_part\_getspec, probe=sc,trange=trange, \$
    - »       theta=[-45,0], phi=[0,360], start\_angle=-180., \$
    - »       erange=[25000,40000], data\_type=['psif'], \$
    - »       suffix='\_se',angle=phi
    - » tplot,'thc\_fgl\_dsl thc\_fgl\_gsm thc\_psif\_an\_eflux\_phi\_ne
    - »       thc\_psif\_an\_eflux\_phi\_se'
    - » tlimit,['08-02-22/04:40','08-02-22/05:00']

# Ground processing (particles only)

- Pitfalls
  - Sun contamination
    - » ; Sun contamination





# Ground processing (particles only)

- Pitfalls

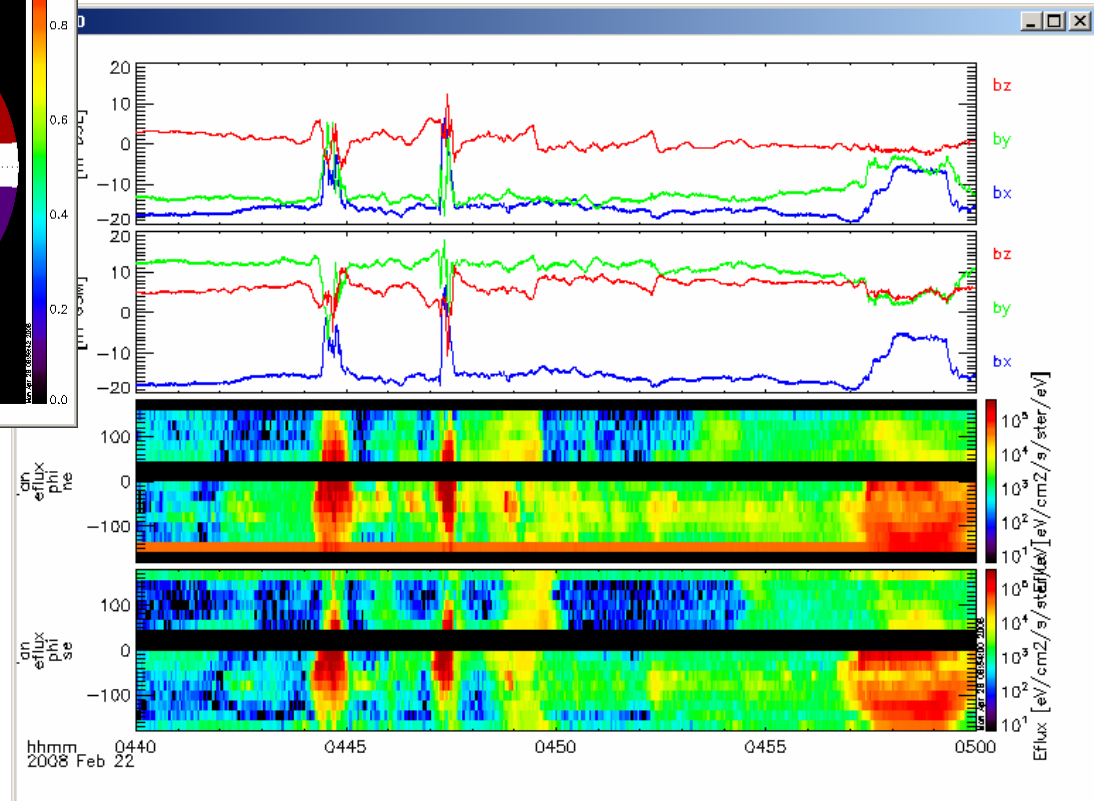
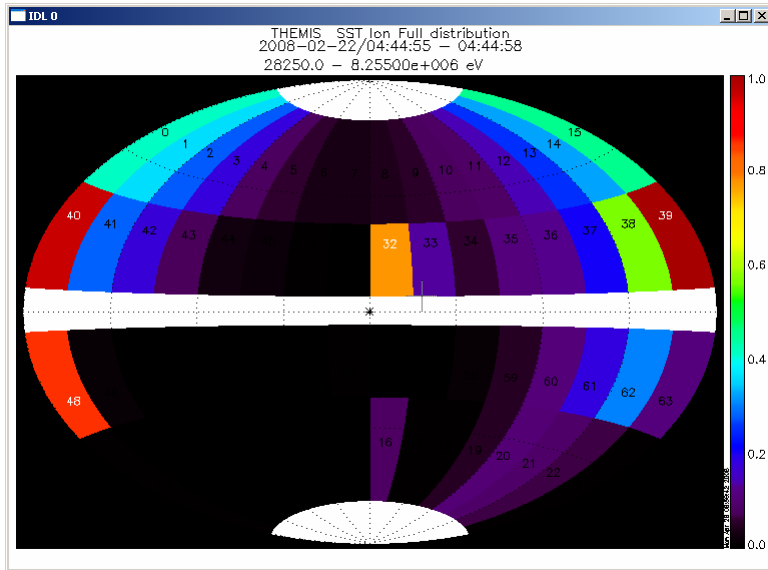
- Sun contamination: Bin removal

```
» ;
» edit3dbins,thm_sst_psif(probe=sc, gettime(/c)), bins2mask
» ; ON: Button1; OFF: Button2; QUIT: Button3
» bins2mask = where(bins2mask eq 0)
» print,bins2mask
» thm_part_getspec, probe=sc, trange=trange, $
»         theta=[0,45], phi=[0,360], start_angle=-180., $
»         erange=[25000,40000], data_type=['psif'], $
»         suffix='_ne', angle=phi, bins2mask=bins2mask
» ;
» thm_part_getspec, probe=sc, trange=trange, $
»         theta=[-45,0], phi=[0,360], start_angle=-180., $
»         erange=[25000,40000], data_type=['psif'], $
»         suffix='_se', angle=phi, bins2mask=bins2mask
» ;
» tplot
```

# Ground processing (particles only)

- Pitfalls
  - Sun contamination: Bin removal

» ;



# Homework

- Find a THEMIS interval of interest to your research
- Plot one energy, phi, theta spectrogram from ESA and SST
- Plot one pitch, gyrophase spectrogram from ESA and SST
- Plot ESA ion and electron distribution functions in
  - $V_{\text{par}}$ ,  $v_{\text{perp}}$  and in XY coordinates
  - Cold plasma detection

# Topics for May 14/May 19 class

- Potential subtraction
- Cold plasma detection
- Magnetopause sounding